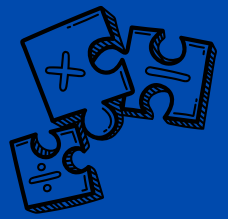
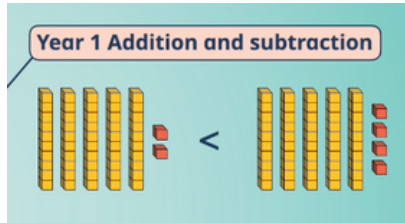
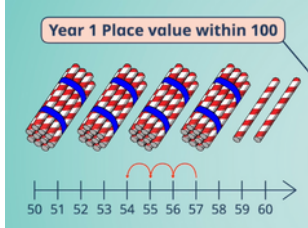


# MATHS- PLACE VALUE

## YEAR 2



### RECAP



### CRUCIAL KNOWLEDGE

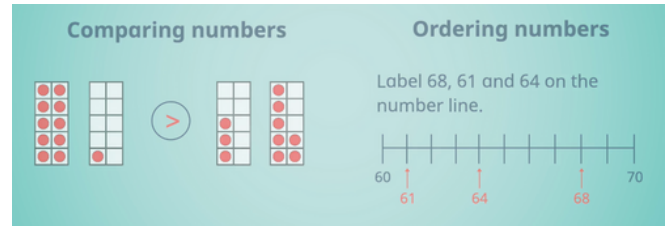
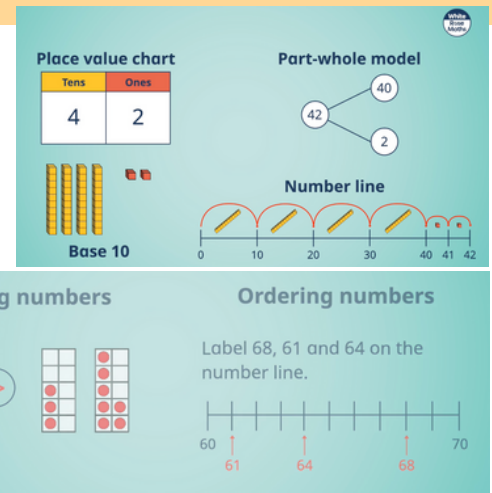
Counting forwards and backward to 100 in ones and tens.

Flexibly partition numbers to 100.

Learn place value and numbers up to 100.

Compare and order numbers using different representations.

Use mathematical symbols to represent greater than, less than or equal to.



### EXTENDED KNOWLEDGE

Apply the crucial knowledge from above to demonstrate reasoning and explain.

### KEY VOCABULARY

Hundreds	Groups of 100. One hundred ones or ten tens.
Tens	Groups of ten Ten ones.
Ones	A single unit.
Place value	The numerical value of a digit in relation to its position in a number. For example, In the number 75, the 7 represents 7 tens.

Zero	No quantity.
Partition	Splitting a number into smaller parts.
Digit	A single symbol used to make a number.
Greater than/Less than	Greater than or less than are signs used to compare two numbers or values. The sign $>$ means greater than and the sign $<$ means less than. <u>For example, <math>5 &gt; 3</math> means 5 is greater than 3, and <math>2 &lt; 4</math> means 2 is less than 4</u>